## JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE THIRD CIRCUIT

J.C. Nos. 03-24-90076 and 03-25-90001

IN RE: COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY

ORIGINAL PROCEEDINGS UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 351

MEMORANDUM OPINION

(Filed: January 7, 2025)

PRESENT: CHAGARES, Chief Judge.

The present complaints are filed under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 351-64, against a United States District Judge (Subject Judge). For the reasons discussed below, the complaints will be dismissed.

The Judicial Conduct and Disability Act provides a remedy if a federal judge "has engaged in conduct prejudicial to the effective and expeditious administration of the business of the courts." 28 U.S.C. § 351(a). A chief judge may dismiss a complaint if, after review, he or she finds it is not cognizable under the statute, is directly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling, or is frivolous or lacks sufficient evidence to raise an inference of misconduct. 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(i)-(iii).

Complainant filed a lawsuit against an out of state defendant. In her first complaint of judicial misconduct, Complainant alleged that she had difficulty achieving service of process and complained that the Subject Judge failed to address two motions for alternative service of process (J.C. No. 03-24-90076). Complainant further contended that the Subject Judge was hostile to Complainant because she is a pro se litigant.<sup>1</sup> Subsequent to the filing of her first complaint, the Subject Judge granted the motions for alternative service of process. The Subject Judge later dismissed Complainant's civil suit due to improper venue and lack of personal jurisdiction. Complainant thereafter filed a second complaint (J.C. No. 03-25-90001) alleging that the Subject Judge issued an order that infringed upon her due process rights and attaching a motion seeking a new trial.

It is clear Complainant seeks to challenge the validity of the Subject Judge's rulings in her unsuccessful civil suit. Such allegations are merits-related and do not constitute cognizable misconduct in judicial misconduct proceedings. <u>See</u> Rule 4(b)(1), <u>Rules for</u> <u>Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings</u> ("Cognizable misconduct does not include an allegation that calls into question the correctness of a judge's ruling . . ."). The misconduct procedure under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act "is not designed as a substitute for, or supplement to, appeals or motions for reconsideration. Nor is it designed to provide an avenue for collateral attacks or other challenges to judges' rulings." <u>In re</u> <u>Memorandum of Decision of Judicial Conference Committee on Judicial Conduct and</u> <u>Disability</u>, 517 F.3d 558, 561 (U.S. Jud. Conf. 2008). Complainant's allegations are thus subject to dismissal. <u>See</u> 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii); Rules 4(b)(1), 11(c)(1)(B), <u>Rules</u> <u>for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Complainant also makes various allegations about Sheriff's office employees. The allegations cannot be addressed because only covered judges are governed by the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act. 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(i); Rule 1, <u>Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings</u>.

To the extent that any of Complainant's contentions do not qualify as merits-based challenges, Complainant's allegations are subject to dismissal as frivolous and unsupported by evidence that would raise an inference that misconduct has occurred. <u>See</u> 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(iii); Rule 11(c)(1)(C), (D), <u>Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings</u>. Complainant has provided no evidence of improper conduct or bias by the Subject Judge, nor does a review of the record provide any support for such claims. Indeed, as noted above, the Subject Judge granted Complainant's motions for alternative service of process before ultimately dismissing the civil suit for lack of jurisdiction.

Based on the foregoing, the complaints will be dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(i), (ii), and (iii).

> s/ Michael A. Chagares Chief Judge

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## ORDER

(Filed: January 7, 2025)

PRESENT: CHAGARES, Chief Judge.

On the basis of the foregoing opinion entered on this date, it is ORDERED AND

ADJUDGED that the written complaints brought pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 351 are hereby

dismissed under 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(i), (ii), and (iii).

This order constitutes a final order under 28 U.S.C. § 352(c). Complainant is

notified in accordance with Rules 11(g)(3) and 18, Rules for Judicial-Conduct and

Judicial-Disability Proceedings, of the right to appeal this decision by the following

procedure:

Rule 18(a) <u>Petition</u>. A complainant or subject judge may petition the Judicial Council of the Third Circuit for review.

Rule 18(b) <u>Time</u>. A petition for review must be filed in the Office of the Circuit Executive within **42 days** after the date of the chief judge's order.

18(b) <u>Form</u>. The petition should be in letter form, addressed to the Circuit Executive, and in an envelope marked "Misconduct Petition" or "Disability

Petition." The name of the subject judge must not be shown on the envelope. The letter should be typewritten or otherwise legible. It should begin with "I hereby petition the judicial council for review of . . ." and state the reasons why the petition should be granted. It must be signed. There is no need to enclose a copy of the original complaint.

The full text of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings

is available from the Office of the Circuit Executive and on the Court of Appeals'

internet site, www.ca3.uscourts.gov.

s/ Michael A. Chagares Chief Judge

Dated: January 7, 2025