JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE THIRD CIRCUIT

J.C. No. 03-24-90002

IN RE: COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY

ORIGINAL PROCEEDINGS UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 351

MEMORANDUM OPINION

(Filed: March 12, 2024)

PRESENT: CHAGARES, Chief Judge.

This complaint is filed under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 351-64, against a United States Magistrate Judge (Subject Judge). For the reasons discussed below, the complaint will be dismissed.

The Judicial Conduct and Disability Act provides a remedy if a federal judge "has engaged in conduct prejudicial to the effective and expeditious administration of the business of the courts." 28 U.S.C. § 351(a). A chief judge may dismiss a complaint if, after review, he or she finds it is not cognizable under the statute, is directly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling, or is frivolous or lacks sufficient evidence to raise an inference of misconduct. 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(i)-(iii).

Complainant filed a lawsuit in 2011 to determine boundaries and quiet title to various parcels of property. The Subject Judge presided over some aspects of the case. The District Court entered final judgment dismissing the matter on March 28, 2017.

Complainant did not file an appeal, but the District Court denied her motion to reopen in March 2021. In June and July 2023, other parties moved to intervene in the closed matter. The Subject Judge denied those motions in an order entered in December 2023.

In this judicial misconduct complaint, Complainant argues that she never consented to having a magistrate judge involved in the lawsuit, that various rulings by the Subject Judge contained substantive and procedural errors, and that she was not adequately heard during the proceedings. In particular, Complainant claims the December 2023 ruling included inaccurate statements and exceeded the boundaries of the Subject Judge's authority. All of these claims reflect, however, that Complainant seeks to challenge the validity of the Subject Judge's rulings. Such allegations are merits-related and do not constitute cognizable misconduct in judicial misconduct proceedings. See Rule 4(b)(1), Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings ("Cognizable misconduct does not include an allegation that calls into question the correctness of a judge's ruling, including a failure to recuse."). Further, Complainant did not appeal the December 2023 decision, and Complainant cannot use these administrative proceedings to obtain review of the ruling now. "The misconduct procedure [under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act] is not designed as a substitute for, or supplement to, appeals or motions for reconsideration. Nor is it designed to provide an avenue for collateral attacks or other challenges to judges' rulings." In re Memorandum of Decision of Judicial Conference Committee on Judicial Conduct and Disability, 517 F.3d 558, 561 (U.S. Jud. Conf. 2008). Complainant's allegations are thus subject to dismissal. See 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii);

Rules 4(b)(1), 11(c)(1)(B), <u>Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability</u> Proceedings.

To the extent that any of Complainant's contentions in the misconduct complaint do not qualify as merits-based challenges, the allegations of misconduct and abuse of discretion are subject to dismissal as frivolous and unsupported by evidence that would raise an inference that misconduct has occurred. See 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(iii); Rule 11(c)(1)(C), (D), Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings. Complainant has provided no evidence of improper conduct by the Subject Judge, nor does a review of the record provide any support for such claims.

Based on the foregoing, this complaint will be dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii) and (iii).

s/ Michael A. Chagares
Chief Judge

JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE THIRD CIRCUIT

J.C. No. 03-24-90002

IN RE: COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY

ORIGINAL PROCEEDINGS UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 351

ORDER

(Filed: March, 2024)

PRESENT: CHAGARES, Chief Judge.

On the basis of the foregoing opinion entered on this date, it is ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the written complaint brought pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 351 is hereby dismissed under 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii) and (iii).

This order constitutes a final order under 28 U.S.C. § 352(c). Complainant is notified in accordance with Rules 11(g)(3) and 18, Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings, of the right to appeal this decision by the following procedure:

Rule 18(a) <u>Petition</u>. A complainant or subject judge may petition the Judicial Council of the Third Circuit for review.

Rule 18(b) <u>Time</u>. A petition for review must be filed in the Office of the Circuit Executive within **42 days** after the date of the chief judge's order.

18(b) <u>Form</u>. The petition should be in letter form, addressed to the Circuit Executive, and in an envelope marked "Misconduct Petition" or "Disability

Petition." The name of the subject judge must not be shown on the envelope. The letter should be typewritten or otherwise legible. It should begin with "I hereby petition the judicial council for review of . . ." and state the reasons why the petition should be granted. It must be signed. There is no need to enclose a copy of the original complaint.

The full text of the <u>Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings</u> is available from the Office of the Circuit Executive and on the Court of Appeals' internet site, www.ca3.uscourts.gov.

s/ Michael A. Chagares Chief Judge

Dated: March 12, 2024