## JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE THIRD CIRCUIT

J.C. Nos. 03-18-90184, 03-18-90185

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IN RE: COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY

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ORIGINAL PROCEEDINGS UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 351

## **MEMORANDUM OPINION**

(Filed: October 10, 2018)

PRESENT: SMITH, Chief Judge.

This complaint is filed under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 351-64, against a United States District Judge ("Subject Judge I") and a United States Magistrate Judge ("Subject Judge II"). For the reasons discussed below, the complaint will be dismissed.

The Judicial Conduct and Disability Act provides a remedy if a federal judge "has engaged in conduct prejudicial to the effective and expeditious administration of the business of the courts." 28 U.S.C. § 351(a). A chief judge may dismiss a complaint if, after review, he or she finds it is not cognizable under the statute, is directly related to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Complainant presents allegations against certain private attorneys as well as an employee of a state court governing body. These individuals are not federal judges and are therefore not subject to the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act. *See* 28 U.S.C. §§ 351, 352(b)(1)(A)(i); Rule 4, *Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings*. Allegations against non-covered individuals are beyond the scope of this proceeding and will not be addressed.

merits of a decision or procedural ruling, or is frivolous or lacks sufficient evidence to raise an inference of misconduct. 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(i)-(iii).

Complainant filed a pro se civil rights complaint against his former employer (a hospital) and other defendants. The matter was assigned to Subject Judges I and II. The defendants moved to dismiss the complaint and, after briefing and hearing, Subject Judge I dismissed all but one claim against the hospital. Complainant moved for reconsideration and for Subject Judge I's recusal. Subject Judge I denied the motions. Complainant appealed, and the appeal was dismissed for lack of appellate jurisdiction.

Upon returning to District Court, Complainant filed motions for a default judgment, summary judgment, and other dispositive relief. Subject Judge I denied the motions. After a period of discovery, the hospital then moved for summary judgment. Subject Judge I granted the hospital's motion. Complainant sought relief from the judgment, which Subject Judge I denied. Complainant did not appeal.

Complainant has filed a largely incomprehensible complaint of judicial misconduct naming Subject Judges I and II. Within the complaint, Complainant identifies a list of five judicial rulings with which he disagrees. To the extent this is intended as a challenge to decisions rendered by the Subject Judges, the allegations are merits-related. Rule 3(h)(3)(A), Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings ("An allegation that calls into question the correctness of a judge's ruling, including a failure to recuse, without more, is merits-related."). Merits-related allegations do not constitute cognizable misconduct under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act. See 28 U.S.C.

§ 352(b)(1)(A)(ii); Rules 3(h)(3)(A), 11(c)(1)(B), Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings. Accordingly, all merits-related allegations will be dismissed.

In addition to the merits-related allegations, Complainant accuses the Subject Judges of, *inter alia*, violating his "substantial rights," of treating him as a "gullible victim" and engaging in "fraud and swindle," and of mailing his court correspondence to a "fictitious name and address" rather than responding "to the natural, living being." Upon review of the record, it is apparent that there is no evidentiary support for such allegations of misconduct. These allegations are therefore subject to dismissal as frivolous and unsupported by evidence that would raise an inference that misconduct has occurred. 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(iii); Rule 11(c)(1)(C), (D), *Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings*.

Based on the foregoing, this complaint will be dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(i), (ii), and (iii).

s/ D. Brooks Smith
Chief Judge

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ORDER

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(Filed: October 10, 2018)

PRESENT: SMITH, Chief Judge.

On the basis of the foregoing opinion entered on this date, it is ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the written complaint brought pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 351 is hereby dismissed under 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(i), (ii), and (iii).

This order constitutes a final order under 28 U.S.C. § 352(c). Complainant is notified in accordance with Rules 11(g)(3) and 18, *Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings*, of the right to appeal this decision by the following procedure:

Rule 18(a) <u>Petition</u>. A complainant or subject judge may petition the Judicial Council of the Third Circuit for review.

Rule 18(b) <u>Time</u>. A petition for review must be filed in the Office of the Circuit Executive within **42 days** after the date of the chief judge's order.

18(b) <u>Form</u>. The petition should be in letter form, addressed to the Circuit Executive, and in an envelope marked "Misconduct Petition" or "Disability

Petition." The name of the subject judge must not be shown on the envelope. The letter should be typewritten or otherwise legible. It should begin with "I hereby petition the judicial council for review of . . ." and state the reasons why the petition should be granted. It must be signed. There is no need to enclose a copy of the original complaint.

The full text of the *Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability*Proceedings is available from the Office of the Circuit Executive and on the Court of Appeals' internet site, www.ca3.uscourts.gov.

s/ D. Brooks Smith
Chief Judge

Dated: October 10, 2018